Main economic indicators cMEV 2023 (August 2022)

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	2020	2021	2022	2023
International items				
Relevant world trade volume goods and services (%)	-9.1	8.4	4.9	2.9
Export price competitors (goods and services, non-commodities, %)	0.3	6.1	9.7	3.2
Crude oil price (dollar per barrel)	41.8	70.7	105.3	89.7
Exchange rate (dollar per euro)	1.14	1.18	1.06	1.02
Long-term interest rate the Netherlands (level in %)	-0.4	-0.3	1.1	1.6
GDP and demand (volume)				
Gross domestic product (GDP, economic growth, %)	-3.9	4.9	4.6	1.1
Household consumption (%)	-6.4	3.6	5.7	-0.3
Government consumption (%)	1.6	5.2	1.6	3.2
Capital formation (including changes in stock, %)	-6.3	2.9	2.6	0.8
Exports of goods and services (%)	-4.3	5.2	4.0	3.2
Imports of goods and services (%)	-4.8	4.0	2.8	3.2
Prices, wages, purchasing power and poverty				
Price gross domestic product (%)	1.9	2.5	4.2	5.4
Export price goods and services (%)	-2.9	8.3	16.6	2.9
Import price goods and services (%)	-3.6	10.2	22.1	2.6
Inflation, national consumer price index (CPI, %)	1.3	2.7	9.9	4.3
Inflation, harmonised index of consumer prices (HICP, %)	1.1	2.8	11.4	4.3
Compensation per hour private sector (%) (a)	7.9	0.1	2.4	4.3
Wages as determined in collective labour agreements, private sector (%)	2.8	2.2	2.9	3.4
Purchasing power, static, median all households (%)	2.5	0.3	-6.8	0.6
People in poverty (level in %) (b)		5.7	6.7	7.6
Labour market				
Labour force (%)	0.4	0.9	1.7	1.4
Active labour force (%)	0.0	1.5	2.5	0.9
Unemployment (in thousands of persons)	465	408	340	390
Unemployment rate (% of the labour force)	4.9	4.2	3.4	3.9
Employment (hours, %)	-2.8	3.3	5.2	0.4
Other items				
Labour share in enterprise income (level in %)	76.3	74.5	75.0	73.8
Labour productivity private sector (per hour, %)	-1.5	2.5	-0.4	0.8
Private savings (% of disposable household income)	12.8	11.5	6.1	4.8
Current-account balance (level in % GDP)	7.1	9.0	7.2	7.4
Public sector				
General government financial balance (% GDP)	-3.7	-2.6	-0.9	-1.1
Gross debt general government (% GDP)	54.7	52.4	48.8	47.1
Taxes and social-security contributions (% GDP)	39.9	39.7	39.2	38.4
Gross government expenditure (% GDP)	48.2	47.0	45.6	44.4

⁽a) The NOW wage cost subsidy, and the continuity contribution to health care, have an upward effect on the wage mutation in 2020 of 3.3%-points and a downward effect of 2.0%-points in 2021 and 1.2%-points in 2022.

⁽b) The ratio of the number of persons in households below the poverty line and the total number of persons.

The modest-but-adequate budget of the Social and Cultural Planning Office has been used as the poverty line.